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### PROBATION PEACE OFFICERS & OFF-DUTY WEAPONS

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*This article provides an overview of the current legal authority governing the off-duty carrying of concealed firearms by Sacramento County probation peace officers and does not constitute legal advice. Probation peace officers should be familiar with federal, state and Probation Department regulations before deciding to carry a concealed firearm off duty.*

#### **Can the Probation Department prohibit a peace officer employee from carrying a concealed firearm off-duty?**

No. Penal Code section 25400, which replaced former sections 12025 and 12031 effective January 1, 2012, prohibits the carrying of a concealed weapon on the person or in a vehicle. As “duly appointed peace officers,” however, Sacramento County probation peace officers – deputy probation officers and sworn YDF staff – have the right to carry a concealed firearm off duty without violating those sections.

In an opinion of August 31, 1989, the California attorney general concluded a deputy county probation officer does not need to obtain a license to carry a concealed firearm off duty. (72 Ops. Cal.Atty.Gen. 167, 172 [89-505].) The Attorney General specifically stated a “county chief probation officer’s authority, limited as it is to employment[-]related conduct, cannot prohibit an off-duty deputy probation officer from carrying a concealed firearm.” The opinion is predicated on the officer’s status as a “duly appointed peace officer” pursuant to section 830.5(a), not on the classification of probation officer. The Attorney General concluded deputy probation officers do not need to obtain a license to carry a concealed firearm off duty because section 830.5 grants them full time peace officer *status* even though it limits their *authority* to act as a peace officer to those duties authorized by a chief probation officer.

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In *Orange County Employees Association, Inc. v. County of Orange* (1993) 14 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 575, the Fourth District Court of Appeal recognized the attorney general's opinion was entitled to "great weight," and held that, as a matter of policy, off-duty peace officers should not be deprived of their ability to carry a firearm because "peace officers have general obligations that go beyond their duties to a particular agency." (*Id.* at p. 580.) The *Orange County* court found deputy probation officers, and other categories of peace officer not listed in former section 12027 (now Penal Code section 25450(b)), to be "duly appointed peace officers" exempt from the prohibition against carrying a concealed firearm off duty without a license.

The Sacramento County Probation Department may regulate the authority of deputy probation officers to carry and use firearms only while those employees are on duty and exercising peace officer powers in one of the five areas of responsibility defined in Penal Code section 830.5: conditions of probation or postrelease community supervision; escape by any inmate or ward; transportation of persons on probation or postrelease supervision; law violations; and mutual aid. There are no similar regulations applicable to sworn institutional staff (non-DPOs), who are not issued firearms while on duty.

There is an important difference, however, between the authorized carrying of a concealed firearm off-duty and the right to carry off duty without authorization from the Probation Department. The Sacramento County Probation Department has policies requiring probation officers authorized to carry firearms off duty to qualify quarterly and meet other requirements when they have been issued off-duty firearms.

**Are probation peace officers required to qualify quarterly with their off-duty weapon?**

No -- but it's a good idea. There are no requirements for maintaining competence in the use of an off-duty weapon unless the probation peace officer is authorized to carry off duty. However, officers who wish to carry a firearm off-duty should qualify with that weapon at the range. Deputy probation officers who are armed as part of their normal duties *must* qualify quarterly. (Pen. Code §§ 830.5(b).)



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**Should I report any off-duty use of a concealed weapon to the Probation Department?**

Yes. You should report to your supervisor or other department representative any off-duty incident involving potential liability to the department, including the use of a concealed weapon. When the off-duty use of a concealed weapon results in injury or death to another person, both the Probation Department and the local police or sheriff department will investigate the incident.

**Can I be disciplined for off-duty use of my concealed firearm?**

Yes. Although your department cannot regulate your right to carry an off-duty firearm, you can be reprimanded, suspended, demoted or even terminated for improper off-duty use of the weapon. Brandishing a firearm, assault with a deadly weapon, and grossly negligent discharge of a firearm all are offenses which can cause you to be disciplined as well as prosecuted. Conviction of a felony involving off-duty use of a firearm will terminate your employment.

**What should I do if I get arrested or investigated for using or possessing a concealed weapon off-duty?**

You should contact legal counsel and SCPA union immediately if you are cited or arrested for an offense involving off-duty use of a firearm. Despite an Attorney General opinion and a published court decision upholding the right of probation peace officers to carry concealed weapons off duty without a license, many police agencies and prosecutors arrest and charge deputy probation officers and juvenile institution staff with violating Penal Code section 25400.

You cannot be disciplined until there has been an internal investigation into alleged violations of department policy relating to the off-duty incident. Whether you are arrested or ordered to submit to a departmental interrogation about the off-duty firearm incident, you should not make any statements without consulting with counsel.

**Who can be held responsible for an injury or death caused by my off-duty use of a firearm?**

Both you and the Sacramento County Probation Department may be liable for injuries caused by your off-duty use of a firearm. The Probation Department is not obligated to provide for the civil or criminal defense of any probation department employee who causes injury or death to another person through the off-duty use of a firearm, if the use is outside the course and scope of employment. However, the Department can be held liable even the off-duty use of a firearm by one of its employees. Therefore, the Probation Department investigates all off-duty discharges involving injury or death.

**Can I carry a concealed firearm across state lines?**

On July 22, 2004, President George Bush signed into law the Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act ("LEOSA") (H.R. 218). The legislation was intended to give off-duty and retired peace officers the ability to carry a concealed weapon anywhere in the United States without regard to local laws or regulations.

The law provides that any individual who is a qualified law enforcement officer, and who is carrying a proper identification card, may carry a concealed firearm across state lines regardless of local regulations to the contrary. A "qualified law enforcement officer" is a person who:

- (1) is authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law, and has statutory powers of arrest;
- (2) is authorized by the agency to carry a firearm;
- (3) is not the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency;
- (4) meets standards, if any, established by the agency which require the employee to regularly qualify in the use of a firearm;
- (5) is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance; and
- (6) is not prohibited by Federal law from receiving a firearm.

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Probation peace officers in California must be authorized by the Probation Department to carry a firearm before the exemptions in HR 218 will apply. The law appears at this time to apply only to field officers or other persons authorized to carry a firearm.

The serious responsibility and potential liability involved in carrying a firearm off-duty requires probation peace officers to be educated about the applicable laws, regulations and department policies. Contact the Sacramento County Probation Association for more information.